A correction note on "Maximum likelihood estimate of default correlations"

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Norbert Jobst pointed out to us we have not built correctly the S&P database in [1]. Using correct data, we obtain the results in Table 1. Compared to the results published in Risk Magazine, we obtain significant differences. Nevertheless, the conclusions remain the same.

			Two-factor		Single-factor	
	\bar{N}_c	$\bar{\mu}_c$	Asymptotic	Binomial	Asymptotic	Binomial
Aerospace / Automobile	301	2.08%	13.0%	11.2%	13.8%	11.6%
Consumer / Service sector	355	2.37%	10.7%	8.7%	10.8%	7.5%
Energy / Natural ressources	149	2.10%	20.6%	21.3%	13.8%	11.5%
Financial institutions	538	0.57%	16.5%	15.7%	13.3%	12.2%
Forest / Building products	112	1.90%	8.8%	6.8%	14.2%	14.5%
Health	152	1.27%	10.5%	8.3%	10.1%	9.2%
High technology	97	1.66%	11.8%	6.8%	8.2%	4.7%
Insurance	261	0.61%	24.9%	12.2%	17.3%	7.6%
Leisure time / Media	169	3.01%	10.0%	7.0%	11.0%	7.0%
Real estate	61	1.01%	39.3%	35.9%	31.7%	27.7%
Telecoms	120	1.91%	20.0%	27.1%	25.7%	34.3%
Transportation	135	2.02%	10.1%	6.8%	11.2%	8.3%
Utilities	354	0.43%	14.3%	18.3%	15.0%	21.2%
Inter-sector			5.3%	6.8%	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mean			16.2%	14.3%	15.1%	13.6%

Table 1. Asymptotic and binomial MLE2 estimates of the asset correlations extracted from the S&P database

Remark 1 If we pool all the sector activities to define only one risk class, the 'binomial' and 'asymptotic' estimates of correlation become 6.3% and 7.4%.

Acknowledgment

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References

 DEMEY, P., J-F. JOUANIN, C. ROGET and T. RONCALLI [2004], Maximum likelihood estimate of default correlations, *Risk*, 17-11, November, pages 104-108